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BY STEPHEN JOHNS

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The Bendix occupation is the second this week and brings the total in Britain to four, including the UCS 'work-in' on the upper Clyde.

The Bendix workers warned they would occupy when combine chief Sir Jules Thorn threatened to close the plant last year.

Six hundred demonstrators invaded the boardroom as stewards went into talks with the management.

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They were disrupted by the invasion and the talks broke down and the factory was occupied at 12 noon.

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'The company is trying to get the machinery out and make us redundant so they can base production at Gateshead.'

'But we will not allow the machinery to leave. If one person is sacked out of the factory we will occupy.'

In August last year the workers staged an eight-week strike which resulted in 109 employees who had been declared redundant being reinstated.

The 'closure' is part of the combine's plan to transfer production of washing machines to Spain and close down radiator production centred on Kirkby.

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After an earlier meeting at their Euston headquarters in London the National Union of Mineworkers' executive called in the Coal Board for what the president Joe Gormley emphasized would be 'full-scale' negotiations.

Ostensibly the meeting—the first of its kind to be held on union premises for many years—was arranged so that the Board could tell the full executive what it had told Gormley and

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NUM secretary meets pressmen on the stairs of the union's Euston headquarters.



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The threat of unemployment, read their resolution, can only be combated by the unity and strength of the working class now coming into action with the miners and the engineers.

The ultimate aim must be to replace the Tory government with a Labour government pledged to socialist policies.

We pledge ourselves to raise funds for the Young Socialists 'Right-to-Work' marches—to get a large turn-out from the factory for the rally at Wembley Pool on March 12 and for the lobby of parliament on the following day.

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SINCE the beginning of 1970, 45 US officers have been killed by 'fragging' in Vietnam, reports the 'Saturday Review'. US soldiers also made another 363 unsuccessful attempts to kill their officers and 188 further incidents have been classed as 'probable attempts with various explosives'. These figures do not include the numbers of officers shot by their own men or killed by them in other ways.

ter-guerrilla operations over a 10,000 square mile area, is now in the front line and proving extremely difficult to defend.

Only 18 of a 500-strong force of Thai troops who were ambushed near the base have rejoined the defenders, and the deteriorating military situation at the base is made worse by the extreme accuracy of the NLF artillery.

'The situation is no brighter in the centre and the S of the country,' AFP says.

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TRIAL of Soviet oppositionist Vladimir Bukovsky (29), who has drawn international attention to conditions in the Stalinists' psychiatric prisons began in Moscow yesterday.

Tass reported he was being tried in public before a people's court in the suburb of Lyublino. But foreign correspondents who approached the court-house were turned away by uniformed and plainclothes police.

Leading human rights campaigner Andrei Sakharov, a nuclear physicist,

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'History shows that in the case of other colonies she has tended to stay too long and leave too hastily.'

'Britain must not abandon N Ireland as she did Cyprus, Aden and India, leaving behind a bloody mess. In the case of her oldest colony... she must underwrite the orderly unification of Ireland.'

This is the most blatant appeal yet from a southern politician for the Tories to ensure that out of the chaos capitalism rules on both sides of the border.

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She called for a programme of socialist measures and a united Workers' Republic.

See page four for the text which formed the basis of Miss Devlin's contribution last night.

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## Wider army powers to kill

THE BRITISH army's 'Yellow Book' has been altered giving troops in Ulster wider powers to shoot to kill.

The changes in the regulations mean that soldiers are on 'free fire' with automatic weapons.

And they can use this automatic fire even in so-called 'suspicious circumstances'.

Under this heading falls almost anything from walking along with a parcel to speeding past in a car.

The capitalist press 'announced' the 'Yellow Book' changes yesterday. But in fact the alterations only formalize a situation which has been in existence at least since internment.

The phrase 'free fire' only single, aimed shots' has disappeared from the new book and replaced by: 'Automatic fire may be used against identified targets in the same circumstances as single shots if, in the opinion of the commander on the spot, it is the minimum force required and no other weapon can be employed as effectively.'

The new code recommends that heavy machine guns and the light Sterling sub-machine guns be 'loaded with live ammunition' and the full magazine 'fitted to the weapon.'

The drastic new measures being adopted are further confirmation that the British army is moving towards a massacre reminiscent of Sharpeville.

As revealed at the Tory Party's Brighton conference this year, Maudling is in favour of hanging. From his speeches in the Compton debate in parliament, he also supports torture.

As the minister with key responsibility for Ulster, he is behind internment, the step-up in intimidation of working-class communities and the new regulations allowing soldiers to move onto free fire with automatic weapons (see story this page).

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But if you had been listening to Home Secretary Reginald Maudling and other Tory politicians you might have been misled into thinking that last night's marathon television debate on Ireland was going to shake the foundations of civilization.

Maudling has just written to Lord Hill, head of the BBC, raising Cain about the programme. It could do 'serious harm', Maudling rebuked the BBC. And amid a deluge of other threatening and paranoid language he declined to take part.

Hill, a former Tory junior minister and colleague of Maudling, explained with magnificent elegance that there would be no risk involved in showing the so-called debate.

In a letter to Maudling, Hill said: 'I fully understand your concern, but I honestly believe it will prove to be unjustified. If we shared your fears that such a programme would worsen the situation in Ulster, we would not dream of proceeding with it.'

As we previously pointed out, the programme was rigged and contrived. It did not threaten the Tory rule in Britain, Ulster or Eire and, if anything, was a carefully-timed propaganda weapon to condone army murder, violence and torture.

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It was not clear whether the night shift would work last night.

# KEEP LEFT

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## ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

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TWO HOURS after work was resumed at the Austin-Morris factory, Longbridge, Birmingham, yesterday, 200 workers in the engine inspection department walked out. They were angry at being laid-off during the previous strike by 200 machinists and were seeking revised lay-off arrangements.

The walk-out immediately made another 700 workers idle, including the machinists who had just returned to work under a new formula for settling their manning dispute. Another 1,000 workers were later laid-off as Mini production stopped.

It was not clear whether the night shift would work last night.

## KEEP LEFT

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'Scientology is evil; its techniques evil; its practices a serious threat to the community, medically, morally and socially; and its adherents sadly deluded and often mentally ill. It is a fabric of falsehood, fraud and fantasy. The board has been unable to find any worthwhile redeeming feature in scientology.'

The Anderson report, Victoria, Australia, 1965.

'Scientology is being practised in S Australia with some very undesirable results. Scientology has been harmful to family life in this state and has caused financial hardship to some citizens. People who have severed connection with scientology have been subjected to unjust and unreasonable pressures.'

Select committee report, S Australia, 1968.

'The government are satisfied, having reviewed all the available evidence, that scientology is socially harmful. It alienates members of families from each other and attributes squalid and disgraceful motives to all who oppose it. Its methods can be a serious danger to the health of those who submit to them.'

Health Minister Kenneth Robinson, House of Commons, 1968.

'The Commission has concluded that there was clear proof of the activities, methods and practices of scientology in New Zealand contributing to estrangements in family relationships. The Commission was disturbed by evidence given of the auditing and processing of comparatively young children.'

Commission of Inquiry, New Zealand, 1969.

'Although the scientologists refer to their organization as a "church", the Committee views with scepticism the claims of scientology to be a "religion". Such claims seem to us somewhat disingenuous, concealing more than they reveal concerning the real nature and beliefs of the organization.'

Ontario government inquiry, Canada, 1971.

# SCIENTOLOGY



'Commodore' Lafayette Ron Hubbard, science fiction writer who founded the Church of Scientology, beside one of the ships of his fleet.

FOUNDER and god-head of scientology Lafayette Ron Hubbard must count as one of the most remarkable men of modern times.

Not least of his astonishing adventures has been his trips to heaven, Venus and elsewhere in the universe.

When asked what he made of heaven, Ron replied: 'Like a bush garden in Pasadena.'

His war experiences were pretty unimpressive. He died twice and was miraculously revived—that almost goes without saying. One of his followers once told a hushed meeting in Edinburgh: 'When he [Hubbard] was discharged from the American navy after the war, Ron was blind and crippled. Now he is a cured man.'

More recently Hubbard has discovered 'The incredible wall of fire' and he has been encouraging his followers to dive through it after him.

Over the years Hubbard's publicity machine has variously described him as an explorer, film producer, US naval officer and writer.

He is credited with mighty intellectual powers although a check of his academic record reveals little evidence of brilliance.

Commonwealth so the assets could be transferred. Apparently we've done it.'

After this dispassionate introduction to Hubbard and his 'single, neat corporate structure', you might well wonder how he's managed to evangelize so successfully among the middle classes.

Whatever the reasons for the success of the 'church', it is clear from official sources that scientology runs a £1m business in Britain.

Hubbard is credited with large personal wealth, owns and operates a fleet of church ships (called the Sea Org), and has upward of 200,000 followers in this country.

Not bad for a man who appeared in the 'Daily Mail' five years ago in the article headlined: 'This man is bogus.'

## Jargon

ANY ATTEMPT at understanding scientology is made difficult by the heavy use of jargon.

For example, what do you make of this directive from the prolific pen of L. Ron Hubbard: 'So when an org is low—Find out where its statistics are laid down and who is a FTS or an SP and act. That's the job of Ethics. Thus little by little we take off the breaks for a cleared Earth.'

Or perhaps you'd like to fathom this one: 'If you see a horizontal line as the Estate Statistic, you know the Dept of I & R is not on the job and Estate probably isn't either.'

## Setbacks

Although he claims that his university career was as a 'philosopher-scientist seeking the laws of life energy', the records show that he attended the George Washington university and left without graduating.

He later rectified this omission by acquiring the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the little-known Sequoia university, southern California.

A commission of inquiry in Australia found that the Sequoia institution was unaccredited and its degrees unrecognized.

Not to be outdone, Hubbard later conferred on himself a Doctorate of Scientology.

From his writings it appears that Hubbard has felt wounded and offended by the setbacks to his good name.

'Pioneering a new thing can bring many incredible adventures, dark hours, many searchings of the soul. The aim of scientology is a new era of love instead of hate and a reign of sanity instead of chaos. How these hopes would upset anyone is a mystery, but they do.'

## Financing

'Possibly the fight is about money. It is true that scientology is getting all the business. Men have said bitter things about me. Still I did my job.'

This is unquestionably true. Throughout the bitter legal wrangles on the four major continents of the world—Europe, Africa, Australia and N America—Hubbard has stuck persistently to his self-styled religion—and the details of the financing of his 'church'.

In his report on scientology in Britain just released, Sir John Foster, Tory MP, criticizes the 'failure of a number of the scientology companies to file accounts and annual returns within the time prescribed by the law'.

In an internal memorandum on the financial structure Hubbard said he suffered a hard time under the 'tax crazy UK and Commonwealth governments'. By reshuffling his international group of companies he established 'a single, neat corporate structure'. He went on: 'It's been a long hard task to make a good corporate structure in the UK and

## A report by Alex Mitchell of 'the fastest growing religion in the world'

of the reaction mind and is responsible for most psychosomatic illnesses.

The somatic mind does not play a prominent role in scientology theory.

The basic problem with most of us is that our reactive minds are loaded with these tiny engrams. Ron's job is to winkle them out—for a fee, of course.

Scientology courses are, in the first instance, free.

The promise is that the pupil will 'learn to achieve success' in his life. Another leaflet asks: 'Why be tired? Why be in pain? Why feel bad?'

If you happen to give your true name and address after the free course, you stand a good chance of being bombarded with recruitment literature. One standard enrolling letter says:

'Honey, come to St Hill [the

scientologists' headquarters near E Grinstead, Sussex] real soon for your upper levels of Processing and Training and expand on your road to freedom! Write me soon.'

Courses can cost anything from a few pounds to several hundred pounds. Dedicated scientologists who join Hubbard's 'Sea Org' are at present signing billion year contracts. The wording of the contract reads like this:

'I do hereby agree to enter into employment with the "Sea Org" and, being of sound mind, do fully realize and agree to abide by its purpose which is to get ethics in on this planet and the universe and, fully and without reservation, subscribe to the discipline, mores and the conditions of this group and pledge to abide by them. Therefore I do contract myself to the "Sea Org" for the next billion years (as per flag order 232).'

## Questions

THE CHIEF piece of apparatus in acquiring the benefits of scientology—apart from a decent sized bank balance—is an E-meter.

A recent advertisement in the scientologists' newspaper declared: 'The Hubbard Mark V E-meter is a priceless aid for measuring the mental state and change of state of Homo Sapiens. Price £50.'

The mystical E-meter is nothing more than a crude galvanometer. Clients who hold

the two terminals—usually tin cans—are subjected to long periods of questioning called 'auditing'. This is a selection of questions used in these interrogation sessions:

'Are you sitting in a chair? Are you on the moon? Is this earth? Am I an elephant? Are you a table? Have you ever blackmailed anybody? Have you ever had anything to do with pornography? Have you ever committed arson? Have you ever peddled dope? Have you ever raped anyone? Have you ever practised sodomy? Have you ever committed culpable homicide? Have you ever slept with a member of a race of another colour? Have you ever kidnapped anyone? Have you done any illicit diamond buying? Have you ever had anything to do with communism or been a communist? Have you ever had anything to do with a baby farm? How could you help mankind? Have you any unkind thoughts about LRH [Hubbard]? Do you have any overts on Mary Sue [Hubbard]? Have you ever bombed anything? Have you ever had intercourse with a member of your family? Have you ever hidden a body? Have you ever been a newspaper reporter? Do you know any communists personally? Have you ever sexually coerced a servant? Are my questions embarrassing?'

After hours on the E-meter the auditor (the person asking the questions) strives to find the engrams and destroy them.

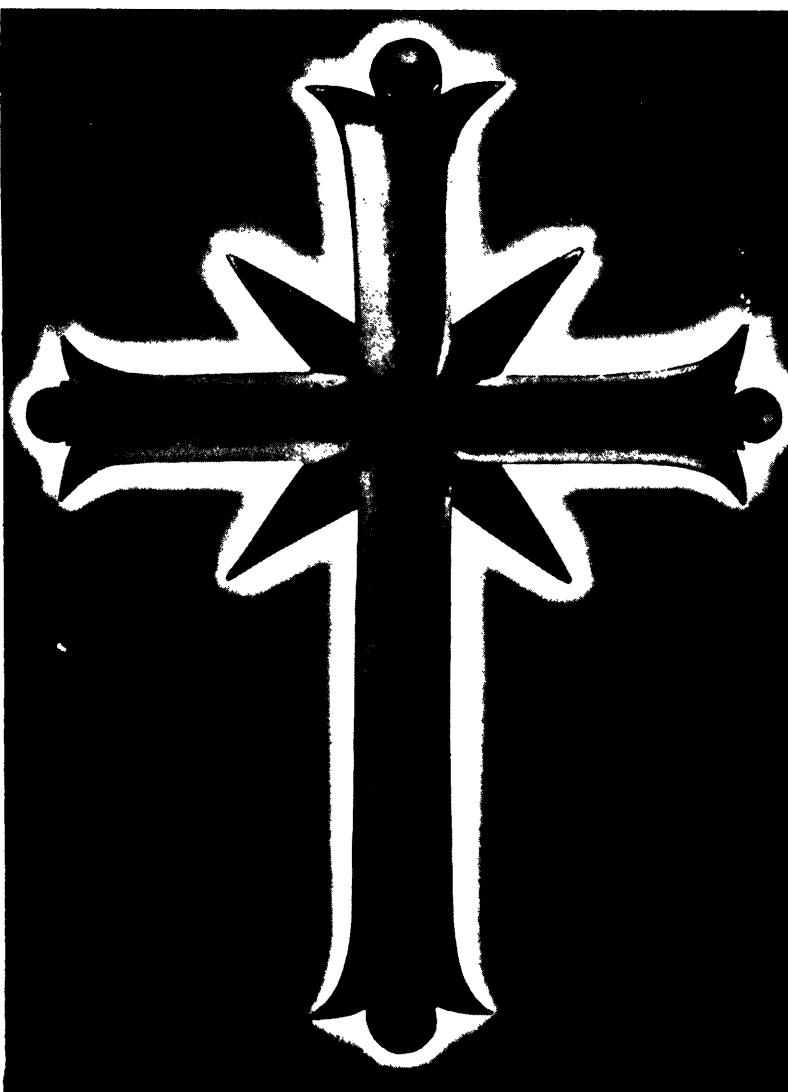
Once released of these unfortunate memories a person is called a 'clear' and well on the road to 'upper levels'. From there it's 'preppy plain sailing to The Incredible Wall of Fire.'

## What they believe

THIS is a sample of statements made by scientology to describe itself.

- Scientology is the study of knowledge in the fullest sense.
- Scientology brings you total freedom.
- Scientology applies modern scientific methodology to resolve problems posed by philosophy, and has come up with the answers.
- Scientology as it applies to life is seen as a study of the interplay of no motion and all motion, or less motion and more motion.
- Scientology is the first and only Anglo-American development in the field of the human mind.
- Scientology is that information about life which in this period of Earth it is no longer the least bit safe to try to get along without.
- Scientology is a practical everyday philosophy—a technology of the human spirit.
- Scientology brings ability, spiritual freedom and immortality.
- A scientologist is a person who keeps making things go right.

In his report to parliament two weeks ago Sir John Foster said: 'Put bluntly, what is often said against the scientology leadership is that they are quacks, dishonestly exploiting for their own financial gain the hopes of betterment or cure which they hold out to the anxious, the lonely, the inadequate, the credulous and the deluded, but in which they do not themselves believe. 'I have myself refrained from drawing any conclusions.'



The eight-point 'crucifix' along with the E-meter (a crude galvanometer) are the chief pieces of apparatus of scientology.

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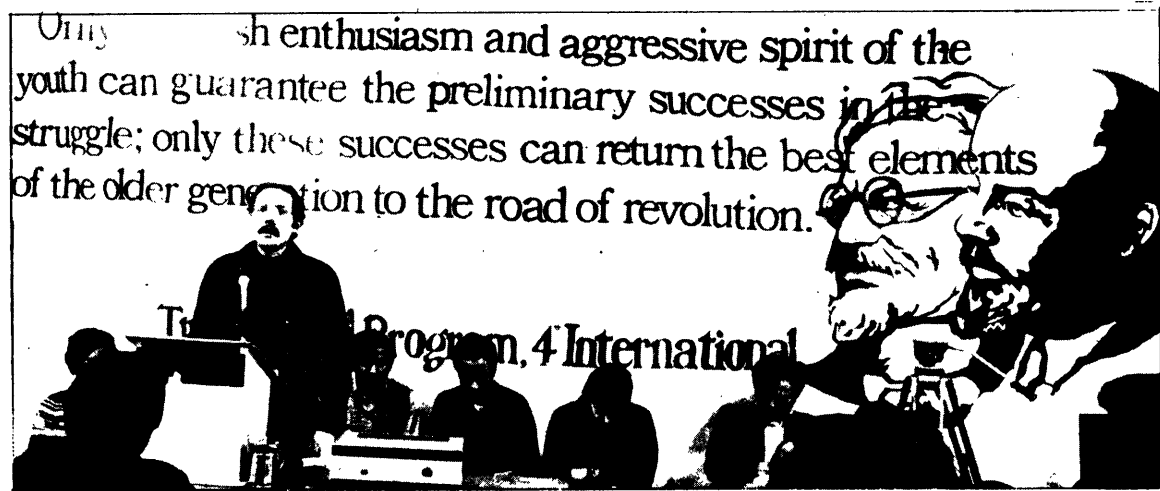
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# Young Socialists launched in USA



BY A POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

A NEW revolutionary youth movement was launched last month by the Workers League, American Trotskyist organization.

At a packed conference of over 300 young workers, unemployed youth, students and black and Puerto Rican youth decided to call the new movement the 'Young Socialists'.

The conference on December 18 was attended by youth from all over New York and Philadelphia, Boston, New Jersey, Baltimore and Connecticut. It marked an important step forward for the Workers League, which, in sympathy with the International Committee of the Fourth International, has struggled continuously against Stalinism and Pabliste revisionism, for Marxist principles.

The launching of 'Young Socialists' opens up the road to a development of Marxism among young workers in the US. Bringing fraternal greetings from the Socialist Labour League and the British Young Socialists, Dany Sylveire said it was symbolic that the first youth conference of the movement should coincide with the meeting of the capitalist powers in Washington.

"As you know, this meeting was called to discuss the greatest economic crisis in the history of world capitalism and, contrary to the superficial liberal observer, no tangible solution can be reached."

## Timely

Dany Sylveire continued: 'Capitalism in its death agony is economically beyond repair. No power on earth can save it. All that it has to offer mankind is trade war, slumps and a world nuclear war.'

"We must not treat this situation as if it was something that exists outside of us. This is the most timely period in history to launch the revolutionary youth movement in the US."

"For what is happening poses a question to which we revolutionary socialist Trotskyists, have the only answer."

"This answer cannot be given in an abstract way. Each of us has to examine the crisis and decide what we are going to do about it."

It was not enough, said Comrade Sylveire, to call a conference to launch a Young Socialist movement. Everything the movement did was vital to the future of youth and the working class in the US.

'This is a period of the sharpest class conflict the world has ever seen. It contains the greatest dangers for the future of all mankind, but dialectically it also contains the greatest opportunities for the learning of Marxism and development of our perspectives.'

Tim Wohlforth, National Secretary of Workers League spoke of the consequences of Nixon's August 15 measures in the United States and internationally, and of their effect on youth in particular.

'Youth seek a revolutionary solution. They have been through the experience of the poverty programmes, the student protests, the demonstrations

movement bringing together all the movements on the 'left' or does it have to be a revolutionary youth movement fighting for Marxist principles among the youth of the United States? Youth at the conference, coming out of the experience of massive unemployment, of the bitter lessons of nationalist movements, posed the question of how capitalism could be defeated, and socialism established, what happened after the Russian Revolution and how they could move the adult working class into struggle uniting all sections of workers to force Nixon out of office and build a Labour Party in the United States.

In this period, large sections of youth have passed through the explosive experiences, the groping towards Marxism, as a

weapon to enable them to struggle and win, now opens the possibility of developing a mass revolutionary youth movement in the United States.

This will only take place out of a conflict, against the predominant ideas among youth.

The conference was prepared by the drafting of a 'Programme for youth to fight back' which was taken out into all the areas and discussed, winning broad support from all sections of youth.

The programme demands full employment, free higher education for all and an end to racial discrimination in jobs and unions.

It calls for immediate withdrawal of all US troops from Indo-China and demands the labour movement call a General Strike against the war.

'Free all political prisoners. The unions must take up the fight for all those victimized by the government,' it says.

The Young Socialists call for nationalization of industry and the construction of a Labour Party based on the trade unions and a socialist programme, to participate in the 1972 elections.

Can it be a centrist youth

## PRESENTING: THE SUN'S BEST OF THE YEAR

# There's one grain of truth in this stunt...

BY IAN YEATS

WRITING in 'The Guardian's' Miscellaneous column last Friday Eric Silver noted that the 'Sun' was shining in Fleet St.

He wrote: 'Most of the changes in Fleet St in 1971 can be laid at the door of the "Sun" whose flare for giving a new gloss to all the old stunts has raised its circulation over 2 million and into the black.'

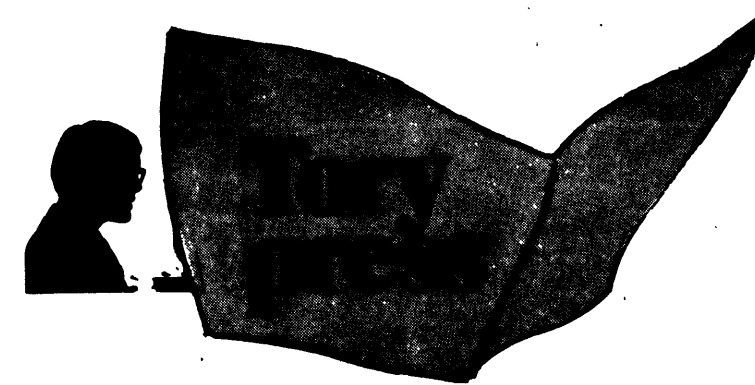
The 'old stunts' comprise a variety of ingredients from sexy nudes to the agony column. And the whole thing is based on a down-your-way brash earthiness designed to entice primarily working-class readers between the covers.

But behind this persistent policy lurk the kind of ruthless cut-throat politics which have made the 'Sun' and its proprietors what they are.

Now and again this hard truth spills out onto the newspaper.

For instance the choice of Edward Heath as the 'Sun's' man of the year—a man who stands for the political and class forces despised by the majority of workers.

There was one grain of truth in political editor Anthony Shrimley's eulogy and that appeared in the last three paragraphs.



'There were no cheers from the unemployed, no cheers from the people hit by rising prices. 1971 was the year of the man without a job.'

'But the man who made that year more than anyone else was Edward Heath.'

How true.

Unemployment, wrote Shrimley, was the worst since the 1930s.

'That too was Edward Heath's achievement. The achievement of a man who decided that a new Britain could be born only through the pain of harsh reality.'

Before those who had suffered this harsh, reality nose-dived the circulation by abandoning the

paper, the 'Sun' obviously thought it had better say something to placate them.

We read that after deliberately creating a million unemployed, big-hearted Heath 'found he had been too harsh.'

'He began the year with policies which precipitated the collapse of Rolls-Royce and Upper Clyde Shipbuilders.'

'Before he was over, he was trying to save the RB211 engine and subsidizing jobs by inflating the spending programmes of the nationalized industries.'

'Edward Heath was the man who showed he was capable of learning from his mistakes.'

Piffle. Edward Heath was the

man who ruthlessly pursued the Tories' callous anti-working class policies from the first minute he stepped into Downing St. If he moved to inflate anything it was profits.

Yet still the 'Sun' can say that 1971 was the year that Heath turned his image from that of the 'born loser' into that of Ted, the astonishing winner.

If the working class think of Heath as a winner I'll eat my biro.

But for the real flavour of 1972 in Tory press circles, over to Anne Edwards of the 'Sunday Express'.

'Let us have no more whining Irish voices saying how poor and downtrodden they are and how brutally the army treat them.'

'Let's have a break from demos, shouting and snarling up traffic protesting about something in far off lands (Bangla Desh?) which the British government is powerless [?] to do anything about.'

And a special message for our actor readers:

'Let's see less of actors giving us their views on everything under the sun since all they are good for is portraying a character someone else has created.'

What did Shakespeare say about 'all the world's a stage'?

## 'Freedom of the Press'

# It's not for the workers

BY DAVID MAUDE

LEFT-WING journalists are 'a threat to be watched', thinks 'Evening Standard' editor Charles Wintour.

He said so in a piece carried in Monday's 'UK Press Gazette', but written—so we're told in the first paragraph—on Boxing Day 'after the usual excess of gormandizing'.

Wintour was certainly suffer-

ing from something when he penned it; this pillar of the Beaverbrook press seems to have a nasty attack of Red-under-the-bed syndrome.

And it is somehow appropriate that his article should appear the same day as press reports of the now-released War Cabinet papers.

For the papers prove that during the 1930-1945 'war to defend democracy', the Churchill gov-

ernment considered imposing total press censorship.

Lord Beaverbrook, Wintour's former employer, was up to his neck in this plan as Minister for Aircraft Production.

Not exactly the best week, you may think, for Wintour to go sounding off about 'threats to editorial freedom' and 'the dangers to a free press' from inside the industry.

Our man's main target is those who call for any kind of workers' control of the media.

He hints darkly that the leaders of the movement are politically 'all far to the left', drawing precisely the sort of conclusion his paper's frightened middle-class readers love to shudder over:

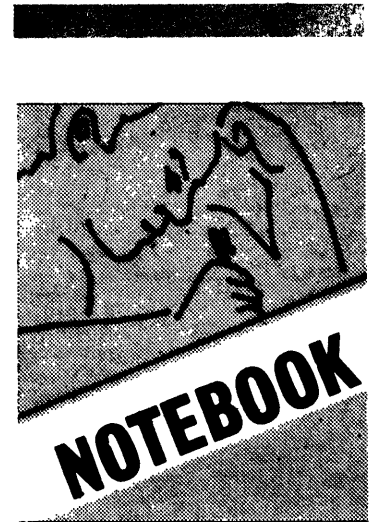
'They [the left] are not interested in supporting freedom of expression as we have it today.'

He goes on to make clear precisely what kind of freedom of expression he means.

In December 1970, journalists at the 'Standard' condemned printworkers there for trying to get a vicious 'jag cartoon'—against the power men's work-to-rule—withdrawn.

Wintour recalls this inglorious incident to attack journalists at the 'Scottish Daily Express', some of whom, he alleges, abetted printers in a stoppage against a similarly anti-working-class cartoon by Cummings.

So 'editorial freedom', Beaverbrook-style, means freedom to print as much reactionary comment as your readers will buy without interference from the people you're attacking—the men and women who produce your profits.



## Oh to be Willy Izzard

'THE TROUBLESHOOTERS' ended its deadly run on BBC Television this week. Eight million working men and women fed up with watching the genius and integrity of British businessmen sighed with relief!

Of course, much of the material for the scripts came direct from the big oil monopolies themselves.

When Sir Eric Drake was appointed chairman of British Petroleum (BP), he gave a private dinner party for oil company chiefs.

Apparently Lady Drake swanned around the room asking the executives which of the characters in 'The Troubleshooters' they most identified with.

Almost to a man they plumped for Mogul's Willy Izzard played by Phillip Latham.

Izzard, if you have watched the series, is the lean, elegant, toff who has never let his tender hands be blackened by the revolting oil which he makes £25,000 a year from.



Phillip Latham as Mogul's Willy Izzard: they all identify with him.

## Got your Mao suit yet

THE BEST dressed blades in Manhattan are rushing to buy the very latest gear—Chairman Mao suits.

It's all part of the Mao-is-really-a-good-guy spirit which is sweeping America.

One large store in the converted end of New York has converted a whole department into catering for Chinese goods. The walls and ceiling have been done out in bamboo and piped Chinese music plays as the stockbrokers and bankers examine the wares.

There are some dangers in this flood of Chinese goods—made possible by the lifting of the 20-year ban on Chinese imports in June.

For instance, customers who buy Mao suits are advised to rinse them in salt water to set the colours.

Apparently there have been one or two nasty instances in which the customer, after a hot day in the city, has arrived home, removed his suit and found he has turned a shade of green or blue.

The other danger is that a number of the older, hardcore customers haven't adapted to the love affair with Mao quite so readily.

They are boycotting shops which freely advertise their Chinese goods.

This means that some Chinese gear requires discreet doctoring: the labels are changed from 'Made in China' to 'Made in Hong Kong'. Sometimes the labels are removed altogether.

A report from New York in this week's capitalist press also notes:

'American cosmetics manufacturers are already propagating "the Chinese look" to go with the clothes—a lot of dark eye-liner against a pale make-up, to be worn with a "mysterious expression".'

The same 'mysterious expression' is also being worn by Maoist groups throughout the capitalist world who are watching the chairman prepare to meet Nixon in February in Peking.

The same Nixon, incidentally, is busy slaughtering hundreds of innocent people in massive night bombing raids in which more bombs are being dropped than has been recorded since Hiroshima.



Churchill: planned press censorship with Wintour's former employer, Lord Beaverbrook.



Charles Wintour

## TODAY'S PROGRAMMES

### BBC 2

- 11.00 Play School. 6.30 Sounds of Music, Professor Charles Taylor.
- 7.30 NEWSROOM.
- 8.00 EUROPA.
- 8.30 THE SHADOW OF THE TOWER. Crown in Jeopardy. James Maxwell as Henry VII.
- 9.05 SHOW OF THE WEEK. Vera Lynn.
- 10.10 FILM: 'THE ADVENTURES OF ROBINSON CRUSOE'. Dan O'Hearly. James Fernandez.
- 11.35 LATE NIGHT LINE-UP.

### ITV

- 1.10 Some Great Painters. 1.40 Racing from Doncaster. 3.00 Houseparty. 3.10 Tea Break. 3.40 Yoga. 4.10 Mad Movies. 4.40 Origami. 4.55 Atom Ant. 5.20 Magpie. 5.50 News.
- 6.00 TODAY.
- 6.30 CROSSROADS.
- 6.55 FILM: 'NEVER SAY GOODBYE'. Rock Hudson, George Sanders. Dr Parkinson supposes that the wife he left many years ago in Vienna is dead...
- 8.45 AND MOTHER MAKES THREE.
- 9.15 WITCHES. 'New Fashion—Old Religion'.
- 10.00 NEWS.
- 10.30 CINEMA.
- 11.00 PROFESSIONAL WRESTLING.
- 11.30 SCOTLAND YARD MYSTERIES. 'The Dark Stairway'.
- 12.00 THE FUTURE OF THE FAMILY.

### REGIONAL ITV

- CHANNEL: 1.30 Doncaster races. 4.05 Origami. 4.18 Puffin's Birthday greetings. 4.22 Nanny and the Professor. 4.50 Joe 90. 5.20 London. 6.00 News, weather. 6.10 What's on where. 6.15 Farming news. 6.20 Sports. 6.25 Crossroads. 7.00 Film: 'Peking Express'. 8.15 This is your life. 8.45 London. 10.30 News. 11.10 British Museum. 11.40 Weather. 10.35 Cinema. 11.02 Treasures of the British Museum. 11.30 News, weather.
- WESTWARD: As Channel except: 3.55 Gus Honeybun show. 4.18 News. 4.20 The Prof. 4.55 Atom Ant. 5.20 News. 6.00 Diary. 10.59 News. 11.30 Faith for life. 11.35 Weather.
- SOUTHERN: 1.30 Doncaster races. 1.55 Horoscope. 3.40 Tea break. 4.30 Crossroads. 4.55 Joe 90. 5.20 London. 6.00 Day by day. 6.30 junkin. 7.00 Film: 'Dentist on the Job'. Bob Monkhouse. 8.45 London. 11.00 News. 11.10 British Museum. 11.40 Weather.
- HARLECH: 2.00 Doncaster races. 3.50 Holidays abroad. 4.15 Tinker-tainment. 4.30 Crossroads. 4.55 Huckleberry Finn. 5.20 London. 6.01 Report West. 6.18 Report Wales. 6.35 Sky's the limit. 7.10 Film: 'Never Say It in Writing'. 8.45 London. 10.30 John Morgan. 11.15 Marcus Welby M.D. 12.15 Weather.
- HTV West as above except: 6.18-11.37 Sport West.
- HTV Wales and HTV Cymru/Wales as above except: 5.20-5.50 Dilyn-Dobyn. 6.01-6.16 Y Dydd.
- ANGLIA: 1.35 Racing. 3.40 News. 3.45 Women today. 4.10 Rupert. 4.25 Tea break. 4.55 Bush boy. 5.20 Magpie. 5.50 News. 6.00 About Anglia. 6.20 Arena. 6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 Dick Van Dyke. 7.30 Film: 'Counterparty'. 8.45 Lon-
- don. 11.30 Living and growing.
- ATV MIDLANDS: 1.00 Racing. 3.35 Horoscope. 3.45 Women today. 4.10 Family affair. 4.40 Rupert. 4.55 Lift off. 5.20 London. 6.00 Today. 6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 Film: 'Until They Sail'. 8.45 London. 11.00 Randall and Hopkirk.
- YORKSHIRE: 1.30 Doncaster races. 3.35 News. 3.45 Women today. 4.15 Crossroads. 4.40 Origami. 4.55 Lone ranger. 5.20 Magpie. 6.00 Calendar. weather. 6.30 Smith fame. 7.00 Film: 'Whirlpools'. 8.45 London. 10.30 Yorksport. 11.05 Cinema. 11.35 Drive-in. 12.00 Weather.
- GRANADA: 1.30 Doncaster races. 3.40 Another world. 4.05 News. Here's Lucy. 4.35 Once upon a time. 4.50 Arthur. 5.15 Magpie. 5.50 News. 6.00 Newsday. Police file. 6.20 Peyton Place. 6.35 Film: 'The Spy With a Cold Nose'. 8.45 London. 11.00 Scotland Yard casebook. 11.30 Treasures of the British Museum.
- SCOTTISH: 1.00 Doncaster races. 3.00 Sign off. 3.30 Once upon a time. 3.55 Crossroads. 4.40 Dore-lie. 4.55 Bush boy. 5.15 Magpie. 5.50 News. 6.00 Newsday. Police file. 6.20 Peyton Place. 6.35 Film: 'The Spy With a Cold Nose'. 8.45 London. 11.00 Scotland Yard casebook. 11.30 Treasures of the British Museum.
- GRAMPIAN: 1.30 Doncaster races. 3.40 News. 3.40 Dick Van Dyke. 4.10 Yoga. 4.40 Origami. 4.55 Rainbow country. 5.20 London. 6.00 News, weather. 6.10 Win a word. 6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 Film: 'No Time to Die'. 8.45 London. 11.00 Treasures of the British Museum. 11.30 Golf with Sam Snead. 12.00 Epilogue.



BBC 2: The Shadow of the Tower: Crown in Jeopardy.

### BBC 1

- 12.55 Treasm. 1.30 The Herbs. 1.45 News. 4.15 Play School. 4.40 Jackanory. 4.55 Blue Peter. 5.20 Dr Dollittle. 5.44 Magic Roundabout. 5.50 News and weather.
- 6.00 NATIONWIDE.
- 6.50 TOM AND JERRY.
- 7.00 OWEN MD.
- 7.25 TOP OF THE POPS.
- 8.00 THE BRIGHTON BELLE. 'The One Day Off'.
- 8.30 HOLIDAY 72.
- 9.00 NEWS and weather.
- 9.20 PLAY: 'HOME'. By David Storey, John Gielgud, Ralph Richardson.
- 10.30 24 HOURS.
- 11.35 CONFLICT AT WORK.



# Anderson Papers reveal anti-Nixon feeling

BY A FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT

THE 'ANDERSON Papers' on American policy in the Indo-Pakistan war are making as big a sensation as the Pentagon Papers leaked by David Ellsberg.

Leading columnist John Anderson has published excerpts from three highly-secret documents describing meetings of the National Security Council's Special Action Group.

At these meetings, Henry Kissinger, President Nixon's chief adviser on national security affairs, was present.

The papers show Kissinger pressed for a hard line towards India on instructions from the President.

'Whoever was putting out background information relative to the current situation is provoking Presidential wrath', he said.

'The President is under the "illusion" that he is giving instructions; not that he is merely being kept apprised of affairs as they progress.'

At another meeting, Kissinger said that he was 'getting hell' from Nixon for not being tough enough with India.

The papers show that at all costs Nixon wanted to support Pakistan. The question of the transfer of American military equipment from Jordan and Saudi Arabia was discussed. So was other forms of military aid.

The mission of the American carrier task force in the Bay of Bengal, as the papers show, was not to evacuate American civilians, but to divert Indian planes and ships and thus help Pakistan.

Was Nixon's backing for Yahya Khan, whose forces had butchered hundreds of thousands of Bengalis, a deliberate attempt to line up with China against the Soviet Union?

If so, it failed to have the desired result.

The US has become execrated throughout India and a correspondent who quizzed American residents and officials was not able to find a single one who supported Nixon's anti-Indian stand.

At the same time, the influence of the Soviet Union has been greatly strengthened.

Highly placed officials opposed to the Nixon doctrine have obviously leaked the highly secret documents, only a fraction of which have so far been published by John Anderson.

# BERNADETTE DEVLIN'S STATEMENT TO BBC INQUIRY

GENTLEMEN you have a problem. Do you really want an answer? The answer to any problem is dependent on four factors:

1. An understanding of the nature of the problem.
2. An understanding of the concepts applicable to the problem.
3. The ability to recognize and apply the relevant concepts.
4. The acceptability of the solution to the poser of the question.

Throughout the many hundred years of our unhappy relationship, not once has a British ruling power satisfactorily fulfilled any of these prerequisites. One must examine how and why this is so in order to find the way forward.

Let us consider first the nature of the problem. As we see it, the people of our country have for hundreds of years been dominated and exploited by that small minority of the British people... the British ruling class.

In the pursuit of power, plunder, and patronage, you drove us from the land, destroyed our language, and divided our people against themselves. None of this posed any problem as far as you were concerned. But we had a problem. We lived as serfs in our own country. We tilled and farmed the land yet went hungry, worked the mills yet could scarcely clothe ourselves.

Only in such times did you acknowledge the existence of a problem; and that problem in its crudest form was how best to shut us up.

Today you continue to fatten yourselves on the profits of our labour, to divide our people against themselves, so that in fighting over the crumbs allotted to us, we will never secure the strength of unity in our fight against you for the whole lot. Gentlemen, the loaf is ours. We produced it.

Today, once again, you see the problem as the reassertion of your law, your order. Within your law, owners may steal from workers. Within your concept of justice, men may die in factories—industrial accidents; children may die in damp slum conditions—the infant mortality rate in the working class; and families suffer in crowded conditions, with little money, or have no roof over their heads.

You explain it in terms of rights and freedoms. We have no rights, no freedoms. You have met every challenge, every threat to your power, with repression. Repression will not work. You have killed David, Emmet, Tone and Connolly. That their ideas are still alive today is proof of your failure.

At present you, who talk of democracy, maintain your position, not by persuasion, but by force.

The nature of the problem, simply stated, is that we want an end

# For a Workers' Republic in Ireland

to the system which allows so many to suffer, in order to maintain the power of the ruling minority. All other problems, sectarianism, discrimination, unemployment, homelessness, stem from the fact that you own, and intended to go on owning, the wealth and the power which is ours. We are the working class.

Even if you accept that to be the problem, will you solve it by giving back our property, our wealth, our power? No. Instead you resort to open violence to force the acceptance of your framework. But you do not believe even in the concepts which you impose on us. You talk of peace, yet hope to maintain it or achieve it by the use of 15,000 armed soldiers, 6,000 army men of the Ulster Defence Regiment—a seemingly endless supply of CS gas, rubber bullets and barbed wire.

You talk of justice which, in like manner, you maintain by a corrupt and biased judiciary, an armoury of emergency regulations and legislation, a police force in whose numbers rank those who have wantonly murdered and terrorized, yet remain strangely beyond the pale of your endless powers, the concentration camp, the torture chamber,

the interrogator, the spy, the informer. What is it that requires such measures to safeguard your 'Democracy', your 'law' from the people?

You talk of progress, you who have produced an unemployment problem of one in every ten men being denied the right to work. You who pay, in return for our work, wages of such a miserable stint, that we can barely afford to feed and clothe our families and pay the rent for the houses we have to live in.

You are prepared to have peace, progress and justice only inasmuch as they do not interfere with profit, private enterprise and ownership. You make the rules, then change them each time we appear to be winning. If you really believe in justice, end internment now. Release the political prisoners.

If you really want the gun out of Irish politics, take your guns out—all 25,000 of them! Solve the problem that produces fear, distrust, violence and division—poverty, unemployment, homelessness.

Recognize the failure of private enterprise. We hear daily of the money that flows from Britain to Ireland. What of the money flowing



BERNADETTE DEVLIN

from the labour of Irish people into the pockets of ICI, Courtauld's, Chemstrand, British Enkalon, the British and American mining companies? Ban the export of profits from N Ireland. Re-invest the profit in setting up public-owned industries.

Legislate a minimum working wage for a 40-hour week. Cancel the N Ireland housing debt to the central banks. Nationalize the building industry, expropriate the land necessary for building houses, so providing low-rent houses at a fast enough rate to end the slums problem in the foreseeable future.

You will not consider one of these solutions, because they attack your priorities, because you don't care about the real problem.

Since you will neither accept the nature of the problem nor attempt realistically to solve it, get out of the way and let us solve it ourselves. Take your army, your exploiters, your very presence out of our lives. As in the past, we will continue to organize towards this end.

Only the working-class understands, cares and is prepared to solve their problems. Only the solution posed by the workers owning and controlling the means of production, and the distribution of the wealth they produce, can in the final analysis be acceptable to the working class.

In short, only the workers' Republic can produce the solution. Our problem is to achieve that Republic; your problem is to prevent us doing so. Gentlemen, 800 years condemn you to failure—you cannot stop us.

# Left gains in Irish T&GWU

A SHIFT in the balance of power in Ireland's second largest union will mean greater opposition to internment and British imperialism in Ulster.

The union concerned is the Transport and General Workers' Union which has over 100,000 members on both sides of the border.

At Monday's Belfast meeting of the Irish regional committee, the right wing, which has blocked all discussion of key issues like the Special Powers Act and internment, was ousted from major positions.

In particular, Leslie Taggart, representative from Belfast docks, lost his position as chairman of the full committee and the chair of the key three-man political sub-committee.

In the past Taggart, with right-wing support from N and S, has prevented the union taking a stand on the role of British imperialism in Ulster because the issue was 'political' and beyond the union's brief.

Now resolutions from branches which condemn internment or raise the question of unemployment in a political way will be discussed and stand a good chance of being passed.

The changes are a result of the success gained by the left in the elections for the committee composition over the next two years.

Right-wing Republicans from the S and right wingers from the N lost their positions on the 23-man committee.

One leading committee member described the change this way: 'For the first time in 50 years we have got a breakthrough. We swept the board, and the S supported us to a man.'

One other new member told me that the committee would now back shop stewards who are fighting against victimization and speaking up in the factories of the N for their socialist beliefs.

In Ireland in the past if you were a militant shop steward you were blacklisted and little was done about it. I want the regional committee to come clean on this issue now and this will strengthen the position of shop stewards who are fighting in the N for a socialist perspective', he told me.

The left, which in the words of one committee member is 'broad-based', has still to be tested. But the impression is that the union on a strong class stand in the N—against Tory and army policy, against internment and Republican activities that isolated the Protestant working class—the change could be decisive.

Hitherto the policy of the official trade union movement has been characterized by its reformist retreats.

# United struggle

The shop floor in Ulster is still one of the places where Catholic and Protestant workers can unite in struggle (despite the undoubted discrimination by employers against Catholics).

For example one member of the committee is a militant socialist with Republican leanings, yet he is elected by his predominantly Protestant factory as a steward because he is the 'best man for the job'.

These kind of men can challenge the Protestant extremists who are now attempting to split the working class by forming 'loyalist' workers' organizations in Belfast shipyards.

But more important they represent a threat to the officialdom of Irish Congress of Trade Unions (the Irish TUC) which is ambivalent on issues like internment. The ICTU in Dublin and Belfast in fact, by its silence, has created the impression that it condones internment.

This is despite the fact that leading shop stewards in the N have been interned. Among them is Pat McCusker of Dungannon, a member of the Amalgamated Transport and General Workers' Union. He was arrested for his non-violent opposition to the Unionist regime in the N.

So far the ICTU has played a completely opportunistic role. It is afraid to speak out for fear of infuriating 'loyalist' opinion in its ranks, and presumably because it does not want to embarrass Stormont which subsidizes it to the tune of £10,000 a year.

# Miners

FROM PAGE ONE  
union secretary Lawrence Daly on Tuesday.

'They felt they should be told what the latest position of the Board is,' Gormley said.

Coal Board chairman Derek Ezra arrived 'full of hope' at Euston.

'I am prepared to discuss anything they want to put to us,' he said.

Gormley earlier had refused to be drawn on whether any specific proposal would be made by the executive following the lengthy deliberations.

But it was understood that the union men would attempt to persuade the Board towards some form of productivity deal, mortgaging in advance increases in output for 1972.

Yesterday morning the NUM received a letter from the Board warning that it would take the dispute over the union's £5 to £9 claim to arbitration if no settlement could be agreed that day.

There was no indication yesterday afternoon that the Board intended to make any increase in its £1.90 to £2 offer.

# Lesson clear in S Wales Pay fight is against Tories

From IAN YEATS in S Wales

S WALES miners fear their leaders will end the proposed strike before they get a chance to fight for their pay claim.

'After what he said on television I think Joe Gormley [miners' union president] is going to retreat,' said Ivor English, face captain at Maerdy colliery, Rhondda, where the 1,100 men voted 78 per cent for the strike due to begin on Sunday.

He told me: 'The gap between us and the National Coal Board is only narrowed if Gormley is prepared to go down to the Board's 7½-per-cent offer.'

The 37,000 miners are worried that even if the strike gets under way, the NUM executive will pull all the stops out to get a compromise deal and a quick return to work.

Mr England said: 'They're talking about a productivity deal and extra holidays, but they are trying to split us up.'

S Wales miners have gone it alone twice before in the fight for higher pay and have been forced back to the pits with minimal concessions.

If they are silent now, it is because they are anxious to say or do nothing to disturb the fragile unity which could produce the first national coal strike since 1926.

The two divisions of the S Wales coalfields are solid behind the strike, which is not only a continuation of the struggle for a living wage fought since 1969, but which has brought to the surface the fierce and deep-seated hatred for Toryism.

All the traditions of working-class solidarity are being thrown into the strike and even the coalfield's 11,000 power loaders, who, in any case, got a £2.70 parity pay rise on January 1 have thrown their weight behind the day-wage men.

As the NCB has axed one pit after another, the deep fears that strikes mean closures have dissolved — to be replaced by a feeling that there is everything to gain by industrial action.

But they know that if the miners' unity is breached, they could be defeated.

● TOMORROW: Young Yorkshire miners comment.

# Nixon adds ships to trade war tactics

PRESIDENT Nixon is out to make the United States the world's leading maritime power. In a speech in San Diego announcing a contract for three new oil tankers to be built by the National Steel and Shipbuilding Company he said:

'Whenever a nation... quits trying to be Number One it ceases to be a great nation', he cried in a speech packed with chauvinist sentiments. 'We want America to be Number One.'

He called on the US to overcome the lead in the maritime industries taken by W Germany, Japan and other nations.

World War II enemies had built ships that were driving the country into a second-class position, said Nixon.

Federal subsidies would be granted to enable the merchant fleet to be expanded and modernized.

Firing this significant shot in the trade war, Nixon warned that 'peacetime competition is going to be even more difficult than the kind of competition we had in war'.

Whether even with subsidies high-cost American shipyards are going to be able to compete with the Japanese remains to be seen.

But the heavy dose of nationalism was no doubt appreciated by many of the hard-hats who heard him. In any case California is a critical state in the November Presidential elections and his government is being blamed for the high unemployment in the area.

# Right to Work Committees

HUDDERSFIELD  
Thursday, January 6  
7.30 p.m.  
Zetland Hotel

COVENTRY  
Meeting ☆ Social ☆ Films  
Friday January 2  
12 noon  
The Shakespeare, Spon St.

# ALL TRADES UNIONS ALLIANCE MEETINGS

Make the Tory government resign!

Return a Labour government pledged to restore full employment and repeal all laws against the unions!

OXFORD. (Joint meeting with Young Socialists): Sunday January 9, 7.30 p.m. 'Cape of Good Hope', The Plain. 'Right-to-Work' campaign.

WILLESDEN: Monday January 10, 8 p.m. Trades and Labour Hall, High Rd. Support the miners.

BRACKNELL: Tuesday January 11, 7.30 p.m. 'Red Lion', High St. Discuss ATUA Manifesto.

BEXLEYHEATH: Tuesday January 11, 8 p.m. 'The Upton', Crook Log. Trade unions and basic rights.

DAGENHAM: Wednesday January 12, 8 p.m. Room 11, East Ham Town Hall. The struggle for socialism in Bangla Desh.

workers press

## READERS' MEETINGS

Meet Editorial Board speakers. Discuss your ideas for the expanded paper

**COVENTRY**  
Sunday January 9  
7.30 p.m.  
Angel Hotel, Folshill Rd  
Speaker: Alex Mitchell

**LEICESTER**  
Wednesday January 12  
8 p.m.  
Queen's Hotel, Rutland St  
Speaker: Ian Yeats

**NEWCASTLE**  
Thursday January 13  
7.30 p.m.

**LEEDS**  
Sunday January 16  
3 p.m.  
Quarry Hill Flats  
Speaker: Stephen Johns

**SHEFFIELD**  
Sunday January 16  
7.30 p.m.  
YS Premises Western Works, Portobello  
Speaker: Stephen Johns

**GLASGOW**  
Monday January 17  
7.30 p.m.  
Room 1 Parlickburgh Lane, Glasgow (Nr Merkland St Tube Stn.)  
Speaker: Stephen Johns

**'Bayhorse', Westgate Rd**  
Speaker: Alex Mitchell

# THE FASCIST regime in Spain has circulated a confidential memorandum containing a series of instructions for the suppression of serious industrial strikes.

On official newspaper of the Ministry of Labour, the document has been sent to the state-run union organization, the Sindicatos, and other official labour bodies.

The document is headed 'Criteria for a possible situation of conflict' and is stamped 'secret and confidential'. A copy of the document has got into the hands of an illegal workers organization and been brought to London via Paris.

The timing and language of the document clearly indicates that the Franco dictatorship is becoming more alarmed about the possibility of widespread industrial unrest leading to a General Strike.

It is circulated among the police and army at the peak of a period of strikes — the building workers, doctors in Madrid, the carworkers at Barcelona and the miners of the Asturias coalfield.

The document openly declares: 'Periods of great social tension can be foreseen in the coming months whose seriousness will

# Franco fears General Strike: Secret circular on repression

BY A FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT

depend on how these situations are confronted.'

Explaining the tide of militancy, the document says: 'The increase in the cost of basic necessities has created strong pressures of a psychological nature which is translated into demands for very large wage increases... before the expiry of a great number of collective agreements.'

The state-controlled Sindicatos is told to remain in 'constant touch' with the labour offices.

Both are instructed to 'suspend immediately all discussions on collective agreements' as soon as workers create situations described in the document as using 'force'.

The unions are told to collaborate directly with the civil governor and the police to prevent 'massive meetings, factory meetings or meetings'.

As far as government activity is concerned, the following requirements are laid down:

- 'Accurate information on illegal activities, meetings etc., and the preventive arrest of the organizers of these whenever possible.
- 'The prevention of all distribution of illegal propaganda.'
- 'The stopping of the organization of pickets at factory gates is basic to the reduction of conflict.'

The document goes on: 'A labour conflict is always a political problem and a problem of public order even when it just looks like a work problem. The government authorities do everything possible

sible to stop this from happening.

'Its instruments must be the labour offices and the union organization (sindicatos), as well as the organs of public order.

'In no way must the governor hesitate at the beginning of the protest that there has been no disruption of public order because in a labour conflict order has already been disrupted and constitutes in itself a potentially violent situation.'

The ministry always has plans for further strangling of press freedom:

'In the directions given to the communications media, place of preference must be given in the coming months to the silencing or the maximum reduction of the greater part of news or information on labour disputes. Everyday we are seeing that news on labour disputes is the only news that the press never tires of...'

Against this detailed offensive of the fascists, the most sickening spectacle is the role of the Spanish Communist Party and its brethren in Poland.

As Workers Press has previously highlighted, it was the Polish Stalinists who helped to break last year's Asturian miners' strike by sending coal to Spain. And the 'black gold' still pours in via Spain's northern ports.

It was Dolores Ibarruri (La Pasionaria), veteran Spanish Stalinist, attended the Sixth Congress of the United Workers' Party of Poland, she dwelt lovingly on the ties between the two parties.

## LATENEWS

NEWS DESK  
01-720 2000  
CIRCULATION  
01-622 7029

GENERAL MOTORS is to close down a big tool and die plant in Detroit later this year killing 1,000 jobs. The US auto giant is cutting costs to tool up to face intensified foreign competition.

E ENGLAND and SE Scotland will be rather cloudy with occasional rain or drizzle. All other areas will be mostly dry with variable amounts of cloud. There will be more mist and fog patches locally, freezing at first. Temperatures will generally be slightly below the seasonal normal but it will be rather cold in the E.

Outlook for Friday and Saturday: Generally cloudy with a little rain at times. Temperatures rising to normal in the S and W but continuing rather cold in the N and E.

ULSTER: 1.30 Doncaster races. 4.30 News. 4.45 Crossroads. 4.46 Orisami. 4.55 Captain Scarlet. 5.20 London. 6.00 Today. 6.30 Tournament. 7.00 Film: 'The Big Search'. 8.45 London. 11.00 What's It All About? 11.20 Treasures of the British Museum.

Tyne Tees: 1.30 Doncaster races. 3.35 Newsworld. 3.45 Looking at Jewellery. 4.15 Crossroads. 4.46 Orisami. 4.55 Captain Scarlet. 5.20 London. 6.00 Today. 6.30 Tournament. 7.00 Film: 'The Big Search'. 8.45 London. 11.00 What's It All About? 11.05 Cinema. 11.35 Drive in. 12.00 News. 12.15 Epilogue.

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## WEATHER

Wales: 6.00 Wales Today, weather. Nationwide. 6.50 Heddlu, 7.15-7.25 Tom and Jerry. 8.00-8.30 Week in Week Out. 12.02 Weather.

Scotland: 6.00-6.50 Reporting Scotland, weather. Nationwide. 12.02 News, weather.

N Ireland: 6.00-6.50 Scene around six, weather. Nationwide. 12.02 News, weather.

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